

Voltage Transducer LV 100-3500

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



| E | lectrical data | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------|
| U_{PN} | Primary nominal RMS | /oltage | 3500 | | V |
| U_{PM} | Primary voltage, measuring range | | 0 ±4500 | | V |
| I_{PN} | Primary nominal RMS | current | 2.85 | | mΑ |
| R_{M} | Measuring resistance | | $R_{ m Mmin}$ | $R_{ m Mmax}$ | |
| | with ±15 V | @ ±3500 V _{max} | 0 | 210 | Ω |
| | | @ ±4500 V max | 0 | 130 | Ω |
| I_{SN} | Secondary nominal RMS current | | 50 | | mΑ |
| S | Sensitivity | | 14.28 | | μA/V |
| U_{c} | Supply voltage (±5 %) | | ±15 | | V |
| $I_{\rm C}$ | Current consumption | | < 32 + I _S | | mA |

| | Accuracy - Dynamic perfo | rmance data | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------|------|----|
| $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{tot}}$ | Total error @ U_{PN} , T_{A} = 25 °C | | ±0.9 | | % |
| $\varepsilon_{\rm l}$ | Linearity error | | < 0.1 | | % |
| _ | | | Тур | Max | |
| I_{\circ} | Offset current @ U_P = 0, T_A = 25 °C | | | ±0.2 | mΑ |
| I_{OT} | Temperature variation of $I_{\rm O}$ | 0 °C +70 °C | ±0.2 | ±0.3 | mΑ |
| t _{D 90} | Delay time to 90 % of the final out | put value for U_{PN} step | 190 | | μs |

| G | eneral data | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| T_{A} | Ambient operating temperature | | 0 +70 | °C |
| T_{Ast} | Ambient storage temperature | | - 25 +85 | °C |
| | Turns ratio | | 36000 : 2000 | |
| P_{P} | Total primary power loss | | 10 | W |
| R_{P} | Resistance of primary winding | @ $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1.225 | $M\Omega$ |
| $R_{\rm S}$ | Resistance of secondary winding | @ $T_{A} = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 55 | Ω |
| m | Mass | | 790 | g |
| | Standard | | EN 50178: 1997 | |



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor incorporated within the housing.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized delay time
- Wide frequency bandwith
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.



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| Insulation coordination | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-------------|----|--|
| U_{d} | RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | 12 | kV | |
| U_{Ni} | Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs | 31.3 Min | kV | |
| d_{Cp} | Creepage distance | 164.8 | mm | |
| d_{CI} | Clearance | 47.1 | mm | |
| CTI | Comparative tracking index (group I) | 600 | | |

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

| | EN 50178 | IEC 61010-1 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| $d_{\rm Cp},d_{\rm CI},U_{\rm Ni}$ | Rated insulation voltage | Nominal voltage |
| Basic insulation | 3500 V | 1000 V |
| Reinforced insulation | 3500 V | 1000 V |

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



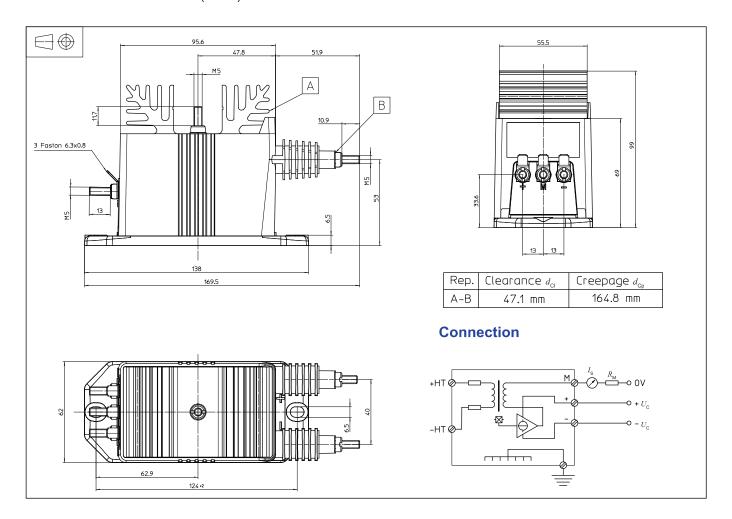
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LV 100-3500 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

- Connection of primary
 Recommended fastening torque
- Connection of secondary
- Connection of ground Recommended fastening torque

±0.5 mm
2 holes Ø 6.5 mm
2 M6 steel screws
5 N·m
M5 threaded studs
2.2 N·m
Faston 6.3 x 0.8 mm
M5 threaded stud
2.2 N·m

Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $U_{\rm P}$ is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.